

Cybersecurity For LMR Systems

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Agenda

- Why Cybersecurity for LMR Systems
- Attack Surface
 - Ransomware
 - Other Identified Risks
 - How Threat actors target Radio systems
- State and Federal Government Cyber Requirements
- What can be done
 - Customers
 - Vendors



Why Cybersecurity is Important for LMR

- No longer 'walled gardens' or air gapped environments
- Cyber attacks such as data breach and ransomware are a direct threat to LMR systems

142%
increase in number of ransomware groups attacking US public safety agencies in 2023*

29%

Of Threat actors leveraged legitimate credentials to access Public Safety networks

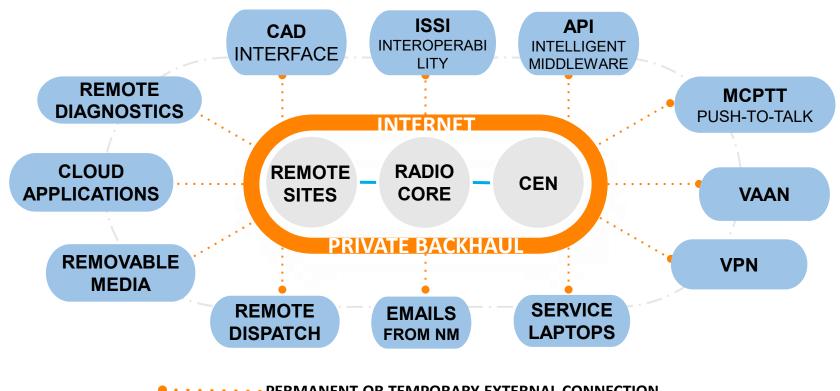
63%
increase in ransomware attacks on US public safety organizations during 2023*

*PSTA 2024 reports



LMR IS NOT A "CLOSED NETWORK"

LMR NETWORKS HAVE VULNERABILITIES SIMILAR TO THOSE FOUND IN IT NETWORKS



PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY EXTERNAL CONNECTION



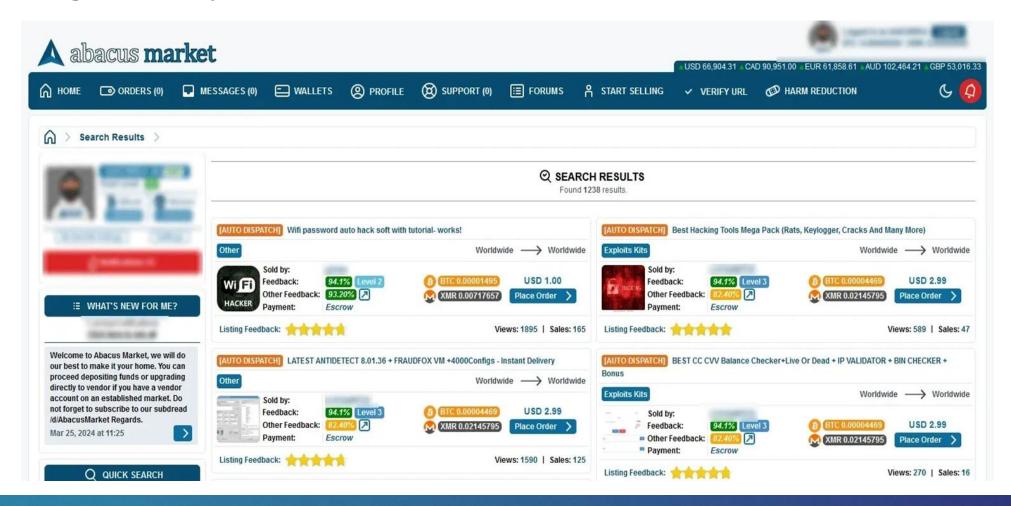
CISA-IDENTIFIED CYBER AND PHYSICAL RISKS WITHIN LMR

- Interception or Eavesdropping
- Poor Cyber Hygiene
- Denial of Service
- Malicious applications, malware & Data Exfiltration
- Spear Phishing & social engineering



Marketplaces

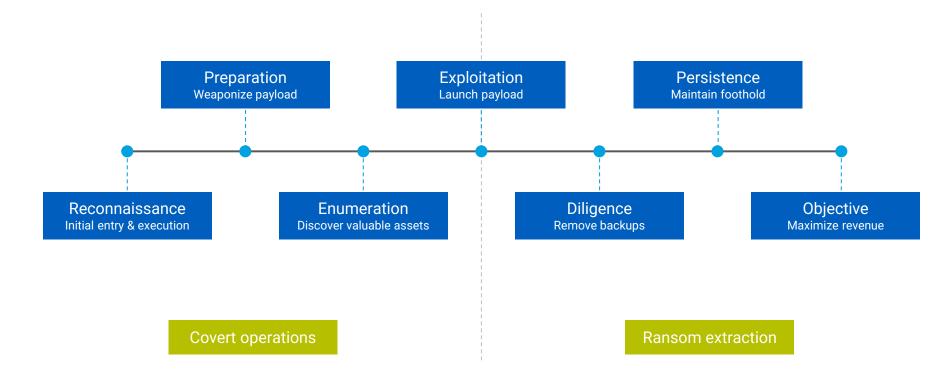
Organized cyber extortion





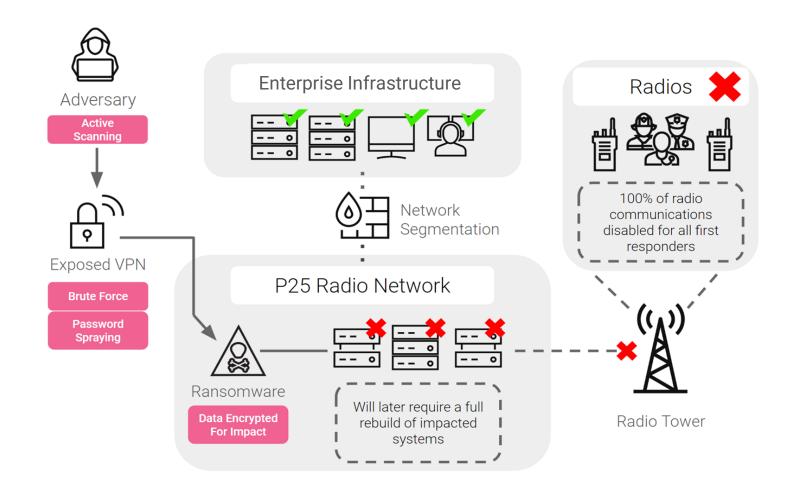
Attack Elements

Fundamental parts of every ransomware attack



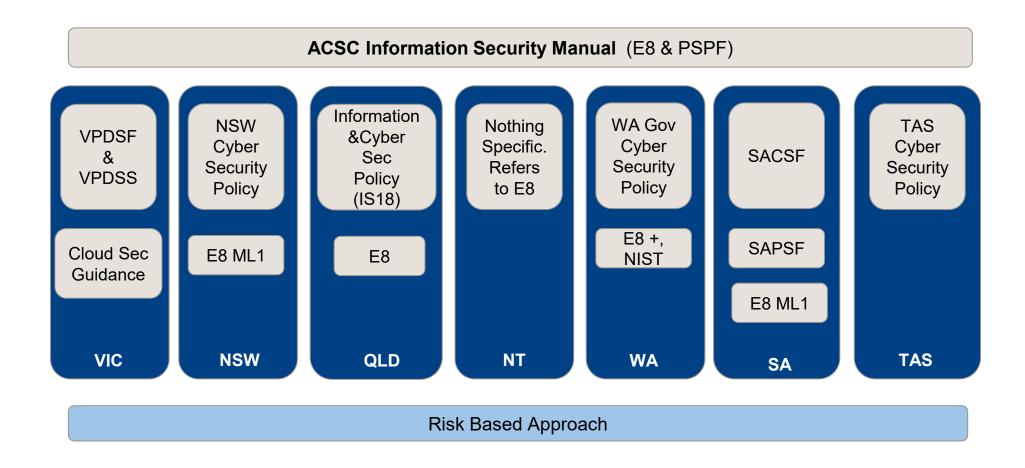


Radio System Attack Diagram









What should we do to protect LMR systems ARCIA in Australia

- Governance People, Process & Technology
- Refer to ACSC guidelines Essential 8, ACSC ISM
- Implement the required controls
- Managing Risks
- Continuous Improvement.



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Defence In Depth Approach





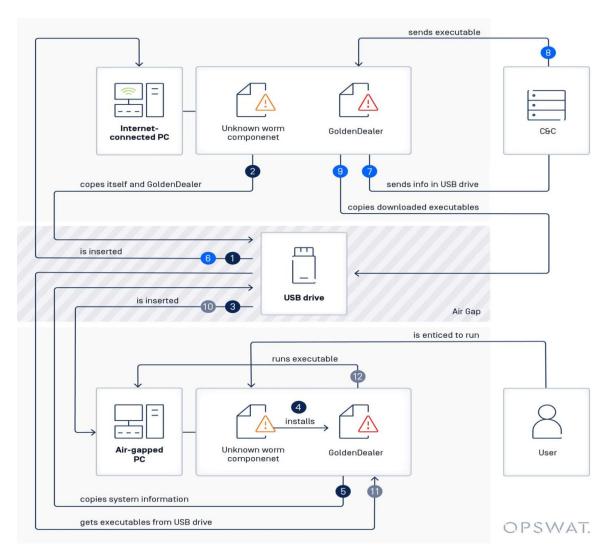
Thank You



Breaching Air Gapped Networks

Campaign by APT group GoldenJackal

Targeting Government organizations in Europe in 2024





How threat actors target LMR Systems

INITIAL ACCESS	EXECUTION	DISCOVERY	LATERAL MOVEMENT	DATA COLLECTION	ATTACK IMPACT
External Remote Services (RDP, VPN, SMB)	Windows Management Instrumentation	Network Share Discovery	SMB/Windows Admin Shares	Data From Local System	Data Encrypted for Impact
Trusted Relationship	Malicious File	Domain Account Discovery	Remote Desktop Protocol	Data From Network Shared Drive	Data Extort/Publish
Spearphishing Attachment	Malicious Link	File and Directory Discovery	Lateral Tool Transfer	Email Collection	Telephony Denial of Service
Spearphishing Link	Windows Command Shell	System Network Connections Discovery	Exploitation of Remote Services	Audio Capture	Broadcast Denial of Service
Exploit Public-Facing Application	PowerShell	Domain Groups Discovery	Replication Through Removable Media	Data From Removable Media	Network Denial of Service
Inherent Access (Insider Threat)	Native API	System Information Discovery			Data Destruction
Valid Accounts	Service Execution	Security Software Discovery			Inhibit System Recovery
Hardware or Key Theft		System Service Discovery			System Shutdown/Reboot
Hardware Addition		Network Service Scanning			Service Stop
Replication Through Removable Media					Disk Structure Wipe